

Innovative Online Vocational Training of Renewable Energy Technologies (INNOVRET)

A. Dimache, S. Kopeinik, A. Brennan, T. Roche, L. C. Winter, and D. Albert

Abstract—Heat pump systems are very important at a European level as they help meet the 20-20-20 targets of the EU policy. In recent years, the European market for these technologies has increased constantly. In addition to having insufficient numbers qualified in heat pump systems installation, current training has been recognised to have limitations. If high quality, standardised training in heat pump systems is not provided, it could result in a drawing back of the market development of heat pump systems in the EU. Furthermore, the low efficiency, poor reliability and increased cost of heat pump system installation and maintenance, which has resulted from poor training has also resulted in disillusionment on the part of the purchaser, notwithstanding the obstacles of time, cost and distance on the part of the installer with regard to training. INNOVRET (Innovative Online Vocational Training of Renewable Energy Technologies), a Leonardo da Vinci funded project, aims to address the need for training sufficient numbers in heat pump system installation throughout the EU. The innovative online training solution developed by the INNOVRET team will overcome the time, cost and distance constraints of learners through the delivery of the training in a flexible and accessible way. The methodological approach to training delivery is based on the Competence-based Knowledge Space Theory (CbKST). CbKST is a framework for representing the conceptual organisation of a given body of competences, which supports self-regulated learning. By developing competencies in the installation and maintenance of heat pump systems, installers and maintenance personnel all over Europe will be able to leverage these capabilities in order to increase their employability in the emergent heat pump system sector.

Index Terms—Online training, competence-based knowledge space theory, self-regulated learning, moodle, heat pump.

I. INTRODUCTION

In recognition of the need for growth, competitiveness, employability and sustainability, one of the goals of the ‘Europe 2020 Strategy’ concerns the promotion of “a more energy and resource efficient, sustainable, low carbon, secure, interconnected and competitive Europe, to the benefit of all consumers” i.e. 20% less greenhouse gas emissions, 20% renewables in final energy consumption and 20% increase in energy efficiency [1]-[3]. Heat pump systems are a critical component of achieving such energy efficiency. Recent

studies show that whilst heat pumps currently cut CO₂ emissions by 8% of global emissions [4], which is one of the largest that a single technology can offer, this will increase in the near future, because of increased efficiency due to technological developments. This is further underscored by the fact that at the end of 2011, there were 4.57 million heat pumps installed in 20 countries, with predictions showing continuous demand increases [5]. Notwithstanding this ‘prediction’, a condition of the EU Directive on renewable energy (RES Directive) regarding heat pumps and their role in helping member states attain a 20% share of energy from renewable sources by 2020 requires that heat pumps meet minimum performance standards [6]. The European Heat Pump Association (representing the majority of the European heat pump industry) contends that an essential component of meeting such standards is the correct installation of reliable heat pumps [7]. Whilst European training programmes in heat pump technology are currently available, they have severe limitations. A report from the UK indicated that badly installed heat pumps resulted in 87% of these systems under-performing (below a COP of 3.0) [8].

In addressing the need for high quality heat pump systems training programmes and the EU focus on life-long learning (to promote European competitiveness and growth) [9], the INNOVRET (Innovative Online Vocational Training of Renewable Energy Technologies) project aims to provide an online training solution for heat pump installers comprising online learning approaches, proven and tested pedagogical models, industry validated content and a state of the art fully integrated, interactive energy laboratory.

The INNOVRET e-training programme will address the training and upskilling needs of geographically dispersed, vocational learners throughout Europe. The accessibility, flexibility and adaptability of the online solution will support competence based, self-regulated learning and will foster a broader penetration into the targeted European marketplace with the potential for certifying sufficient heat pump maintenance personnel and installers to meet predicted demands.

This paper is describing the online solution offered by INNOVRET for vocational training in heat pump systems installation. The research team is currently working on the preliminary testing of the e-training programme. Feedback is being collected and will be used in the next stage of the project, the refinement of the online solution.

II. GAPS IN TRAINING OF HEAT PUMP SYSTEM INSTALLATION

Article 14.3 of the RES Directive requires each Member State to develop certification schemes for small-scale RET

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(renewable energy technology) systems and recognise the certification awarded by other Member States in accordance with those criteria [6]. In response (and also acknowledging the problems/limitations with current non-standard heat pump training programmes), the European Heat Pump Association has developed the EUCert – a training and certification scheme – which aims to have a common, mutually accepted heat pump installer certificate in all participating countries. Currently, over 935 trained installers have trained on the EUCert [10]. Whilst there is an acknowledged need for further trained installers, statistics from the EHPA shows that the number of trainees is stagnating due to barriers of cost, time and distance [10]. As an alternative, they suggest that an online course would overcome these obstacles thereby resulting in more trained installers, more quality installations, better performances of the already efficient heat pumps and more consumer confidence in an already growing market.

In addition to having insufficient numbers qualified in heat pump systems (installation and maintenance), if high quality training in heat pump systems is not provided, it could result in a drawing back of the market development of heat pump systems in the EU. Furthermore, the low efficiency, poor reliability and increased cost of heat pump system installation and maintenance, which has resulted from poor training has also resulted in disillusionment on the part of the purchaser.

The Treaty of Lisbon – particularly article 166 [11], as well as the 2020 strategic framework for European cooperation in education and training (ET 2020) [12] have reinforced the need of vocational education and training in the acquisition and development of skills and competencies needed for employability at a European level.

To optimise training and learning, the learner needs to be provided with tools with which to interact and visualise system operation whilst supported in the analysis and evaluation of the heat pump system's performance under different loading conditions. The learner also needs to be able to interact with real system's data and learn from poor heat pump system installation and maintenance whilst studying the impact of real environmental conditions (in which the system is operating) on efficient and reliable energy generation and delivery mechanisms, using heat pumps.

A review of modern remote laboratories highlighted that whilst there is an exponential growth of demand for such laboratories to deliver an enhanced learning experience, their limitations still exceed their capabilities to deliver [13]. The overriding limitation is the need for new educational concepts, “new pedagogical and cognitive practices of learning and instruction” [14] and new learning media for this environment [15]. Another limitation of remote laboratories is the lack of coupling between the Learning Management System (LMS) and the learner's progress [13]. This gap between remote laboratories and the LMS needs to be closed for a more enriched learning experience [16]. Gravier *et al.* [16] also point out that whilst a remote laboratory can bring a hands-on approach to the learner, the current drawback of such laboratories concerns the ensuing social isolation.

Aside from the solar energy e-learning laboratory at the Technical University, Cyprus [15], there is very little

evidence internationally for the existence of online energy laboratories, moreover online energy laboratories with access to a variety of integrated RET systems.

III. THE INNOVRET ONLINE TRAINING SOLUTION OFFERED BY INNOVRET

Combining pedagogical and technical expertise, the INNOVRET project embeds a proven and tested online pedagogical model and a state of the art interactive energy laboratory in Moodle, a highly popular LMS. The resulting course is offering content which is validated by industry, a subject domain structured on the level of competences, learning objects (LOs) in conjunction with associated assessment items and Moodle plugins to support competence based, self-regulated learning (SRL). To enhance the experience, learning objects have been designed to cater to different learning styles (e.g. audio, visual, kinaesthetic). The INNOVRET model is presented in Fig. 1.

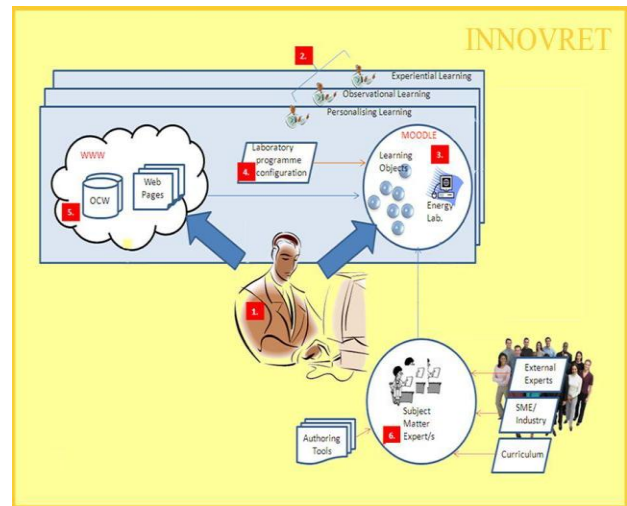


Fig. 1. The INNOVRET model.

A. Pedagogical Approach

INNOVRET's pedagogical model is based on the Competence-based Knowledge Space Theory (CbKST) in conjunction with self-regulated learning (SRL). Similar approaches have been successfully applied in EU-funded projects, such as ROLE [17] and iClass [18], [19].

The CbKST is a framework for representing the conceptual organisation of a given body of competences. The CbKST, as a cognitive approach, extends the behaviourist Knowledge Space Theory [20]-[22] and requires the identification of threshold concepts and associated pre-requisite and co-requisite relationships between competences. It also requires the creation of appropriate assessments to evaluate a learner's current competence state in said threshold concepts. Threshold concepts represent a transformed way of understanding something without which the learner would find it difficult to progress [23]. In the case of the INNOVRET model, they represent a set of competences (skills, abilities, knowledge and understanding of concepts) [19], [24], [25] which underlie the set of problems for the heat pump domain. The result of the application of CbKST is a structured competence model

performance data and trends for each individual component of the system under different loading conditions, see figure 5. A web camera has been commissioned to allow the students to view the equipment online. Renewable energy technologies in the lab include solar panels, biomass boilers, heat pumps and wind turbines. Examples of energy distribution systems include various under floor heating systems and radiator technologies.

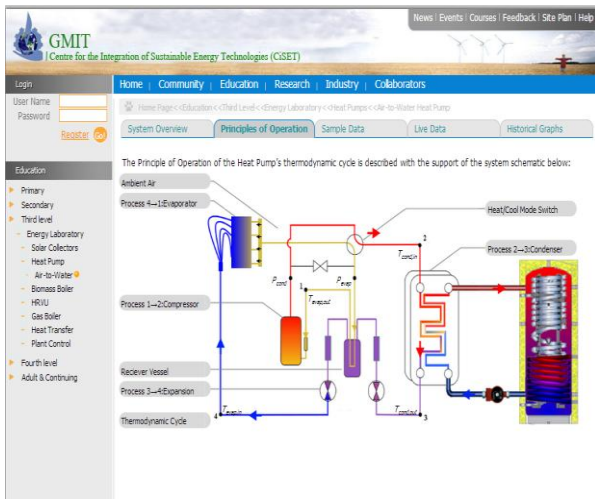


Fig. 4. MMI interface for heat pumps.

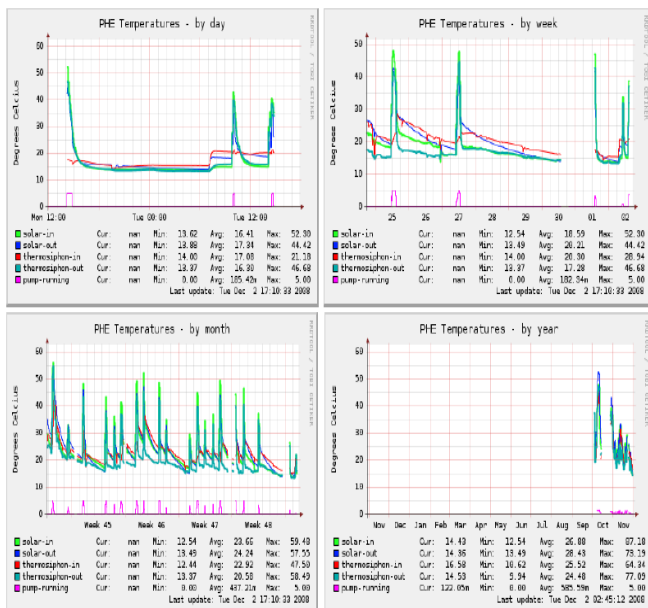


Fig. 5. Online data display from the energy lab.

The training programme offered by INNOVRET supports the learner in interacting and visualising heat pump system operation whilst also being supported in the analysis and evaluation of the heat pump system's performance under different loading conditions.

IV. CONCLUSION

Heat pump systems are of crucial importance at a European level as they help meet the 20-20-20 targets of the EU policy. In recent years, the European market for these technologies has increased constantly. In addition to having insufficient numbers qualified in heat pump systems (installation and maintenance), current training has been

recognised to have limitations.

However, through its innovative e-training programme, INNOVRET aims to address the need for training sufficient numbers in heat pump systems throughout the EU. It will also address the time constraints of learners through the delivery of the training in a flexible and accessible way such that disruption is minimised. The training programme has an ample visual component, to cater for the needs of skill-based content. The methodological approach to training delivery is based on the Competence-based Knowledge Space Theory. Adaptive LO recommendation is time- and energy-saving, efficient and motivating as frustration (caused by over challenging LOs) and boredom (caused by unchallenging LOs) are being avoided. Although this approach is personalised, it also supports the learners within the self-regulated learning process. By developing competencies in the installation and maintenance of heat pumps, installers and maintenance personnel all over Europe will be able to leverage these capabilities in order to increase their employability in the emergent heat pump system sector. The e-training solution developed by the INNOVRET team will contribute to the development of innovative ICT-based content, services, pedagogies and practices within the context of vocational education training.

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